

Grade 4

Bismihi Ta'ala
Jamiatul Ulama (KZN) — Ta'limi Board
Half Yearly Examinations - 2022

50

Instructions :

History

Time: 1½ hour

1. Begin with **Bismillah**.
2. Read the questions carefully before answering - **Think before you ink**.
3. Please write **your name** and the **name of your Madrasah** NEATLY.

Name: _____ Name of Madrasah: _____

Question One

Fill in the blanks with the words given in the blocks

Abu Sufyaan	Abu Ayub Ansari	Abu Jahal	Umar رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ	Khalid bin Walid رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ
Ansaar	Bilal رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ	Muhaajireen	Hypocrites	Sahal and Suhayl رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمَا

1. After Nabi صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ entered Madina, He stayed at the home of _____.
2. The first mu'azzin in Islam was _____.
3. The Sahaabi who heard the azaan in his dream was _____.
4. Masjidun Nabawi was built on land that was owned by _____.
5. The people of Madina were known as the _____.
6. _____ feared that the Muslims of Madina would attack his caravan on his way to Makkah.
7. _____ was one of the Kuffaar killed in the Battle of Badr.
8. The leader of the soldiers who attacked the muslims by surprise during the Battle of Uhud was _____.
9. The Muslims of Makkah were known as the _____.
10. _____ were people who pretended to be muslim but used to help the Kuffaar against the muslims.

[10]

Question Two

Underline the correct answer

1. The first masjid that was built in the outskirts of Madina is [Masjidul Aqsa, Masjidul Quba, Masjidun Nabawi]
2. Before fasting in Ramadaan was made fardh (compulsory), the muslims used to fast on the [10th of Muharram only, 15th Sha'baan , 27th Rajab]
3. The Battle of Badr took place in [Sha'baan in 3 A.H, Rajab in 5 A.H, Ramadaan 2 A.H]
4. In the Battle of Badr, the muslim army had [313 soldiers, 1 000 soldiers, 5 000 soldiers]
5. The muslims won the Battle of Badr [Because they were very strong, With Allah's help, they had a lot of weapons]
6. In the Battle of Uhud, the Kuffaar had [3 000 soldiers, 300 soldiers, 1 000 soldiers]
7. Two groups were made to leave Madina. They were [The Ansaar and Banu Nazeer, Banu Qainuqa and the Quraysh, Banu Qainuqa and Banu Nazeer]
8. Nabi صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ made the agreement with the Jews so that [They could live together in peace, They could share each other's money and goods, They could chase the Christians away]
9. The Banu Quraizah locked themselves up in their forts for [3 years, 27 days, 1 month]
10. The Sahaabi who suggested digging the trench is [Abdullah bin Ubay, Salmaan al Farsi, Khalid bin Walid رَضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُ]

[10]

Question Three**State whether TRUE or FALSE**

1. The Battle of Uhud took place in 3 A.H. _____
2. There were 14 Muslims killed in the Battle of Uhud. _____
3. The Jews stopped making mischief after they were made to leave Madina. _____
4. In the Battle of the Trench, the Kuffaar army left because of a huge flood. _____
5. The punishment for the Jews was taken from their own book when they broke the agreement with the Muslims. _____

[10]**Question Four****Match Column A with Column B**

Column A	Answer	Column B
1. Treaty of Hudaibiyyah		A. 27 days
2. Battle of Trench		B. 70 Kuffaar were taken as prisoners
3. Battle of Badr		C. 6 A.H
4. Battle of Uhud		D. 4 A.H
5. Banu Nazeer were expelled		E. 70 Muslims died

[5]**Question Five****Answer the following Questions.**

1. How did the Ansaar treat the Muslims who came from Makkah? _____
_____ [2]
2. Name 3 materials that were used to build Masjidun Nabawi. _____
_____ [3]
3. List 3 events that took place (3 things that started/changed) in the first 2 years after the Muslims moved to Madina. _____
_____ [3]
4. What 3 things did the Muslims and Jews of Madina agree on? _____
_____ [3]
5. Why is the battle of Khandaq known as the Battle of Trench? _____
_____ [2]
6. Name 2 things that were written in the Treaty of Hudaiybiyyah. _____
_____ [2]

[15]